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Ðļ	ම හිමිකම් ඇව්රින් / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved]
	பெரையை வேரை கேருக்குக்குக்குக்குக்குக்குக்குக்குக்குக்
	கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2018
	පුරවැසි අධානපනය I, II குடியியற் கல்வி I, II Civic Education I, II
	<u>පැය තුනයි</u> ආමතර කියවීම් කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි ගුණ්හු ගඹෝத්தியாலம் <u>Three hours</u> <u>Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes</u>
	Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.
	Civic Education I
	 te: (i) Answer all questions. (ii) In each of the questions from 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4), which is correct or most appropriate. (iii) Mark a cross (×) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided. (iv) Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.
	What is the term used to identify the essential basic requirements of man?
	 (1) Wants (2) Goods and services (3) Needs (4) Products
	The main legal officer in Sri Lanka is(2) The Minister of Justice.(3) The Attorney General.(4) The Ombudsman.
	 Select the answer that includes only the unitary countries. (1) Great Britain, Japan, France, The United States of America (2) Japan, Nepal, France, Sri Lanka (3) India, Sri Lanka, Great Britain, France (4) The United States of America, India, Japan, France
	A modern method used to measure development is(1) Gross National Product.(2) The Individual Gross National Product.(3) Human Development Index.(4) Rate of Economic Development.
	 Select the answer that includes only the developing countries. (1) Norway, Japan, Bangladesh, Canada (2) India, Somalia, Ethiopia, Sierra Leone (3) Belgium, Myanmar, France, Germany (4) Nepal, Australia, Sweden, The United States of America
	 A problem in implementing a system of direct democracy is (1) the existence of different parties. (2) the population of a country being very large. (3) holding the elections in due time. (4) the disparity in the income of the citizens.
	A country with a single party system is(1) Great Britain.(2) The United States of America.(3) China.(4) Australia.

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8.	In a democratic state, the power of the period(1) Inalienable right.(3) Universal franchise.	(2)	is known as Legal right. The supremacy of the law.	
9.		p am tracter subj	ect to natural disasters.	
10.	Select the answer carrying the moral dutie (1) Paying the taxes levied by the state (3) Acting according to the Constitution	(2)	Conserving the environment	
11.	The Chief Minister of a Provincial Counci(1) the President.(3) the Prime Minister.	(2)	Sri Lanka is appointed by the Governor. the Speaker.	
12.	The complaint by a citizen regarding the c an administrative ruling in Sri Lanka shou (1) the Ombudsman. (3) the President.	ld be (2)	ation of fundamental rights due to the action of made to, the Attorney General. the Chief Justice.	
13.	"The procedural actions accepted and agree (1) etiquette. (3) culture.	(2)	on" by the people of a country are known as customs and taboos. the society.	
14.	 A characteristic of a citizen in a multi-cult (1) respecting the cultures of others. (3) embracing the religions of the others. 	(2)	respecting the culture of the majority.	
15.	What is not a result of climatic change?(1) The rising of ocean levels.(3) The occurrence of Tsunami.	• •	The occurrence of the influence of Elnino. The rising of the atmospheric heat levels.	
16.	The main characteristic of a National State(1) the parliament.(3) the government.	(2)	the legislative. the jurisdiction.	
1 7 .	 A special characteristic that can be observed in decentralizing power is (1) building unity amidst variety. (2) the existence of a written constitution. (3) the possibility of reverting power at any moment. (4) all decisions being taken by the Central Government. 			
18.	A duty that is not a part of the duties of(1) building by-roads.(3) putting up small schools in the area.	(2)	putting up and maintaining public toilets.	
19.	Conflicts arising out of internal and external(1) tribal conflicts.(3) conflicts arising within individuals.	(2)	uses of the individual are known as conflicts arising out of political stances. conflicts arising upon social factors.	
20.	What is the age limit that defines 'a child(1) Below 18 years(3) Below 15 years	(2)	cording to the UN Convention of Child Rights? Below 16 years Below 14 years	
21.	 A positive effect that Sri Lanka has faced (1) the diversification of the economy. (2) the acceleration of the brain drain. (3) the destruction of the local primary in (4) having to depend on foreign aid. 			

[see page three

6	
22.	 What is the name given to the main document that carries the fundamental rights of a citizen in a country? (1) The convention of Human Rights (2) The Constitution (3) The Penal Code (4) The concurrent list
23.	 Select the false expression regarding Fundamental Rights. (1) All human rights are Fundamental Rights. (2) All human rights are not Fundamental Rights. (3) When Fundamental Rights are infringed, legal support can be obtained. (4) What is not included in the Constitution are not Fundamental Rights.
24.	 Select the answer that gives a cause for the breakdown in the social equity of a country. (1) The non politicization of the public service. (2) The scarcity of economic and human resources. (3) The public service being efficient. (4) The rise of bribery and corruption.
25.	 A characteristic of a transformational economies is that (1) both private sector and state entrepreneurship are seen. (2) the rights of production factors belong to the private sector. (3) action is taken to liberalise aid and relax price control. (4) privatization of public enterprises that makes losses.
26.	What is the country that has not given precedence to religion in the constitution?(1) Sri Lanka(2) Pakistan(3) India(4) Bangladesh
27.	 Select the answer that gives the occasions where mediation and bargaining are much used. (1) Industrial disputes, estate labour disputes (2) Private disputes, employee disputes (3) Private disputes, state disputes (4) Property disputes, family disputes
28.	 What are the two main forms of government? (1) Presidential and Parliamentary States. (2) Dictatorship and Democratic States. (3) Unitary and Federal States. (4) National and Provincial States.
29.	Select the most correct statement as regards the International Labour Organization (ILO). (1) Started independently and later works in affiliation with the Association of Nations (2) Started independently and later works in affiliation with the United Nations' Organization (3) Works being started by the General Assembly of the United Nations (4) Works independently of the United Nations' Organization
30.	 Social environment means (1) a component arisen with no mediation of man. (2) something built by man. (3) something built out of physical components. (4) something built out of interrelationships from among physical components.
31.	 The Human Rights Committee, to which a complaint can be made, when not satisfied with the final verdict of justice meted out in one's own country, has been established according to (1) the International agreement on civil and political rights. (2) the International agreements on economic, social and cultural rights. (3) the initial alternative agreement associated with the International agreement on civil and political rights. (4) the second alternative agreement added on to the International agreement on civil and political rights.
32.	Of the constitutional reforms introduced during the British rule, under what constitutional reforms

did the Sri Lankans gain most political opportunities? (2) The Croov-McCallum

- (1) The Cole-brooke
- (4) The Donoughmore (3) The Manning

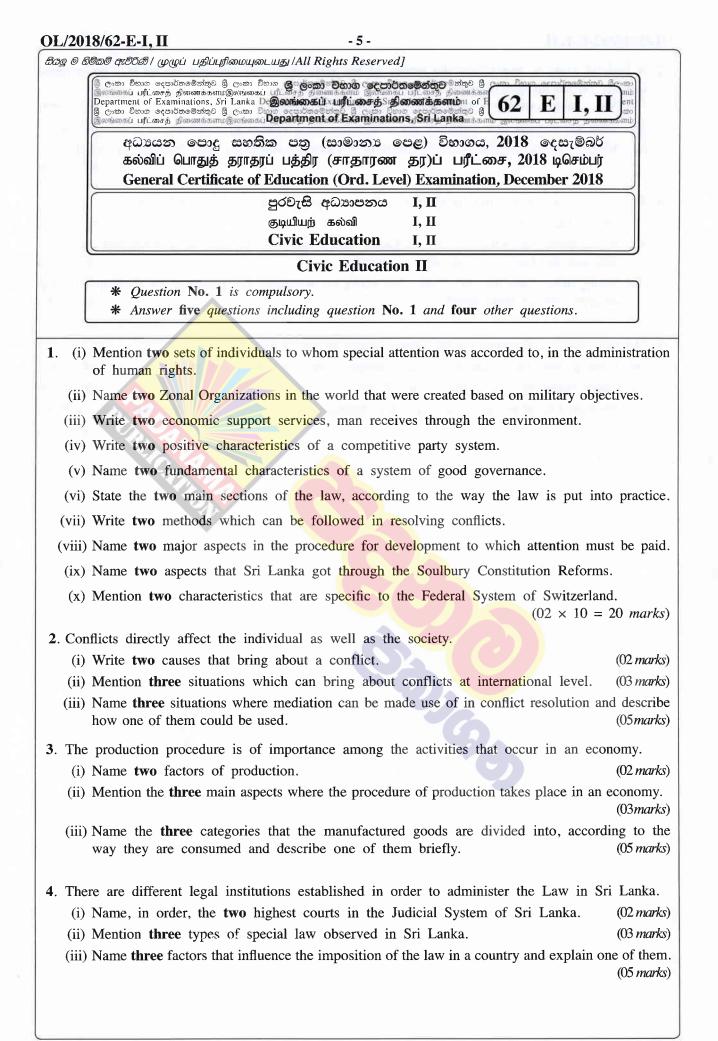
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33.	 A significant factor that influences in producing a pattern of democratic rule is (1) encouraging non governmental organizations. (2) providing greater power to public employees. (3) criticizing the work of the government party. (4) maintaining an independent media. 			
34.	 An important factor that influences a people friendly government being appointed through an election is (1) holding an independent and fair election. (2) ensuring the supremacy of the law. (3) the people having an adequate political awareness. (4) everyone having equal rights. 			
35.	Something that is used in international politics by powerful nations to influence weak countries is(1) cultural cooperation.(2) educational development.(3) religious customs.(4) international trade.			
36.	 Under which of the following opportunities are the citizens of a country not able participate in a democratic system of government? (1) Selecting one's representative by using one's vote (2) Coming forward as a representative at the election (3) Providing education, health etc. free of charge (4) Criticizing the conduct of the government 			
37.	 Select the answer that carries only the countries which have permanent membership in the United Nations Security Council. (1) Japan, China, India, France (2) China, Britain, France, The United States of America (3) The United States of America, Russia, India, Australia (4) Britain, The United States of America, France, Germany 			
38.	The social characteristic a citizen must inculcate in himself in order to minimise conflict is(1) the prevention of loss of life.(2) the minimization of mental stress.(3) respecting views of others.(4) developing creative thinking.			
39.	Select the answer that matches the legal institutes in column A with the cases referred to in column B . A A B A Cases related to the safety of the people B - Cases related to marital matters B - Cases related to revenue A - Magistrates' Court D - Cases related to murder E - Cases related to murder F - Cases related to commercial disagreements G - Cases related to declaration of habeas corpus			
	(1) A,G,B,E (2) B,D,F,G (3) D,G,E,A (4) G,E,F,D			
40 .	 Given below are several ways by which the air is polluted. A - Eruption of volcanoes B - Transport activities C - Dust storms D - Wild fires E - Use of aeroplanes 			
	Of the above, select the answer that carries only the natural means (1) A,B,E (2) A,C,D (3) B,C,E (4) C,D,E			
	* *			

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OL/2018/62-E-I, II	- 6 -	R J-1 ST 14 2 70.
5. A Federal State is one wher and the provincial governmen	re the power of the state is shared between the power of the state is shared between the state of the state o	een the central government
	ere federal governments prevail.	(02 marks)
(ii) State three facts that in	fluence the emergence of a federal gover	mment. (03 marks)
(iii) Mention three negative	characteristics of a federal government an	nd describe one of them. (05 marks)
6. Economic progress and deve	lopment are two concepts that differ from	n each other.
(i) Define the term 'develop		(02 marks)
(ii) Name three characteristi although Sri Lanka is a	cs of Sri Lanka which can only be seen developing country.	n in a developed countries, (03 marks)
(iii) Name three measures S describe one of them br	ri Lanka has taken to overcome the cha iefly.	llenge of development and (05 marks)
7. Different type of Regional of	rganizations emerge in the world.	
(i) Mention two basic reaso	ons for the emergence of regional organiz	ations. (02 marks)
(ii) Name three member cou	intries of ASEAN.	(03 marks)
(iii) Mention two objectives o	of the ASEAN Organization and give a bri	ief description one of them.
		(05 marks)

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3,02

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பூ குவைப் கிகைக் கிகைக்கிலை கிகைக்கிலை கிகைக் கிகைக் கிகைக் கிகைக் கிகைக் கிணைக்களம்

අ.පො.ස.(සා.පෙළ)විභාගය - 2018

க.பொ.த (சா.தர)ப் பரீட்சை - 2018

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l.	03	11.	02	21.	01	31.	03
2.	03	12.	01	22.	02	32.	04
3.	02	13.		23.	01	33.	04
4.	03	14.	01	24.	04	34.	03
5.		15.		25.	04	35.	
6.	02	16.		26.		36.	03
7.		17.	03	27.	01	37.	02
8.	01	18.		28.	03	38.	Q3
9.	04	19.	03	29.	02	39.	03
10.	02	20.	01	30.		40.	02
		 எ க்கு පදை 1சேட அறிவுற	∺ } එක්8 றத்தல் ∫ ஒருசரிய	 ළිතුරක ට ചானவிடைக்	ு ஆ ககுபுள்ளிவீகம்	01 â	ාැගින්
		90° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °			் பொத்தப் புள்	ளிகள் 01	× 40 = 4
ත නිදසුං ළුறிப்பிட தியில் ப	_ப்பட்டிருக்கும் உ	රිදිබහුවරණඋ _தாரணத்திற்	ුත්තරපතුයේඅවස குஅமையபல்தேர்	හත තීරුවේ வுவினாக்களு	ලකුණු ඇතුළත් நக்குரியபுள்ளிகளை	කරන්න. எபல்தேர்வுக	வினாப்பத்திரத் <u>ச</u>
වැරදිපිළිතුරු සංබාාව				Lana	් මුළු ලකුණු	[25

G.C.E. (O/L) EXAMINATION – 2018

62 - Civic Education

Paper II

 (i) Mention two sets of individuals to whom special attention was accorded to, in the administration of human rights.
 (ii) Name two Zonal Organizations in the world that were created based on military objectives.
 (iii) Write two economic support services, man receives through the environment.
 (iv) Write two positive characteristics of a competitive party system.
 (v) Name two fundamental characteristics of a system of good governance.
 (vi) State the two main sections of the law, according to the way the law is put into practice.
 (vii) Write two methods which can be followed in resolving conflicts.
 (viii) Name two aspects that Sri Lanka got through the Soulbury Constitution Reforms.
 (x) Mention two characteristics that are specific to the Federal System of Switzerland. (02 × 10 = 20 marks)

(i) Women and Child

(02 Marks)

(ii) NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization), Warsaw (Warsaw treaty Organization)

(02 Marks)

(iii)	Materials	-	Land, Mineral resources, Chemical elements, Timber, Plants	
			And animal food and drinks	
	Energy	-	Solar energy, Fossil Fuel, biogas, geothermal hear,	
			Hydroelectricity, Wind power	
	TE A.v.		facto or any other two out facto under main facto (07 Marks)	

If two main facts or any other two sub facts under main facts. (02 Marks)

- (iv)
- Wide Opportunity for representing public opinion
- Prevention of autocracy
- Correction of the unhealthy Policies of a government through criticism
- Provision of the opportunity to represent the diversity that exist in society
- Creation of unity at of diversity
- Increased opportunities for the voters to select

Any two similar reasons (02 Marks)

- (v)
- State control and administration free of Corruption and fraud
- Confirmation of freedom and equity
- Respecting the Supremacy of law and Safe Gina riding the independence of the judiciary
- Individuals responsible for the implementation of state control being accountable the public
- Safeguarding and media freedom
- Making use of resources efficiently and productively
- Acting with transparency
- Preparation of the background for political socialization
- Safeguarding and securing constitutional

Any two similar facts (02 Marks)

- (vi)
- Domestic Laws
- International Law

Any two similar facts (02 Marks)

(vii)

- Discussion
- Bargaining and amicable settlement
- Mediation
- Conciliation
- Arbitration
- Inquiry
- Counseling

Any two methods (02 Marks)

- (viii)
- Economic Development
- Personal Development
- Cultural Development
- Social Development
- Ethical Development
- Literacy Development
- Sustainable Development

Any two of above facts mentioned (02 Marks)

(ix)

- Introducing a cabinet
- Introducing a two house apartment
- Introducing the post of governor generate representing the queen
- Accepting the British Prime council as the Supreme court of appeal
- Establishment of the public service and judicial service commissions to minority right
- Paying special attention to minority right

Any two of above facts mentioned (02 Marks)

(x)

- The power of the central government and the cantons are defined and the rest is vested with the central government
- If a problem occurred in the execution of power the federal Assembly has the power the federal assembly has the power to settle it
- Cantons cannot execute their power and Work independently
- The Use of Direct democratic strategies to inquire public opinion in discussion making by the cantons

Any two of above facts mentioned (02 Marks)

(02 x 10 = 20 Total Marks)

2. Conflicts directly affect the individual as well as the society.
(i) Write two causes that bring about a conflict. (02 marks)
(ii) Mention three situations which can bring about conflicts at international level. (03 marks)
(iii) Name three situations where mediation can be made use of in conflict resolution and describe how one of them could be used. (05 marks)

(i)

- Different role models
- Different ideas
- Occurrence of disturbances
- Mentalities
- Disappointments
- Limitations

No marks for any causes of conflicts Any two of above facts mentioned (2 Mark)

(ii)

- Political issues
- Economic issues
- Social issues
- Expansion of power
- Economic benefits
- Frontier disputes
- Mobilization of resources
- Intrusion/unpermitted transition

(iii)

- Family disputes
- Consumer and trade disputes
- Individual/group disputes
- Disputes related to common property
- Solving minor wrong/errors
- Land disputes
- Shame/insults,
- making damages to properties

Name three such facts (3 Marks) <u>To explain one facts (2 Marks)</u> (5 Marks)

Name three such facts (3 Marks)

3,02

- 3. The production procedure is of importance among the activities that occur in an economy.
 (i) Name two factors of production.
 (02 marks)
 - (ii) Mention the **three** main aspects where the procedure of production takes place in an economy. (03*marks*)
 - (iii) Name the **three** categories that the manufactured goods are divided into, according to the way they are consumed and describe one of them briefly. (05 marks)

(i)

- Land
- Labour
- Capital
- Entrepreneurship

Name two of them (2 Marks)

(ii)

- Agricultural Products
- Industrial Products
- Service

(iii)

- Consumer good
- Intermediate good
- Capital good

Name three sections above (3 Marks)

Name three such facts (3 Marks) <u>To explain one facts (2 Marks)</u> (5 Marks) 4. There are different legal institutions established in order to administer the Law in Sri Lanka.
(i) Name, in order, the two highest courts in the Judicial System of Sri Lanka.
(ii) Mention three types of special law observed in Sri Lanka.
(iii) Name three factors that influence the imposition of the law in a country and explain one of them.
(05 marks)

(i)

- Supreme Court
- Appeal Court

(2 Marks)

- (ii)
- Kandyan Low
- Thesawalamai Law
- Muslim Law

(3 Marks)

- To control human behavior
- To provide life security the general public
- To protect human rights
- To protect properties
- To establish a stability in the country
- To avoid malfeasance
- Economic, Political, Social and Cultural Development

Name three facts	(3 Marks)
Explain one of these	<u>(2 Marks)</u>
Total	<u>(5 Marks)</u>

5. A Federal State is one where the power of the state is shared between the central government and the provincial governments.
(i) Name two countries where federal governments prevail.
(ii) State three facts that influence the emergence of a federal government.
(02 marks)
(iii) Mention three negative characteristics of a federal government and describe one of them.
(05 marks)

(i)

- Untied State of America/USA
- Switzerland
- Australia
- India
- Canada

Name any two of mentioned above (2 Marks)

(ii)

- National Security
- International Trade and Foreign Affairs
- National Economic Development
- Cultural Diversification
- Extent of the land

(Name three facts = 3 Marks)

- Unsatisfaction over devolved power
- Attempting to become separate/ independent
- Issues related to decision making and administration
- Delaying the process of constitutional compilation
- Administration breakdown due to less experience in provincial administration

Three fa	(3 Marks)		
<u>Explan</u>	ation	<u>(2 Marks)</u>	
Total		(5 Marks)	

6. Economic progress and development are two concepts that differ from each other.

(i) Define the term 'development'.

(02 marks)

- (ii) Name three characteristics of Sri Lanka which can only be seen in a developed countries, although Sri Lanka is a developing country. (03 marks)
- (iii) Name three measures Sri Lanka has taken to overcome the challenge of development and describe one of them briefly. (05 marks)

(i)

Development occurs with: the reduction and elimination of poverty, inequality and unemployment within a growing economy.

Dudley Seers

"Increase in production and improvement in the methodology and institutional organizations that contributed to increase the production is development"

Kindal Burg

Development is the upliftment of the quality of ife of the world population.

1961 - 70 development decade United Nations Organization

Economic development of a country should go together with social development.

Social Development should take place in food, nutrition, health, education, housing, social security, clothing, leisure, human freedom etc.

1978 UNESCO Declaration

Development is the process of growth and changes in factors including population, social, cultural and moral aspects.

1981 - 90 Development Decade The United Nations Organization

Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the affecting of future generation to meet their own needs is called Sustainable Development.

The Brundtland Commission

"Progress in economic, political, social and humanity sectors and the minimization of poverty along with permanent progress, is development."

- United Nations Development Report, 2000 -

"The economic and social transformation process taking place through the interaction between complex cultural and environmental factors, is development."

- (www.busuness dictionary. com. 2013.08.12) -

Mentioning of the name of those who presented definitions and the relevant years is not compulsory. Give marks even for any of above ideas or similar idea (2 Marks)

(ii)

- Existence of higher literacy rate
- Existence of higher life expectancy
- Existence of a lower infant and mother mortality rates

(3 Marks)

- Export diversification
- Encouraging local savings
- Improving infrastructure
- Developing tourism industry
- Encouraging local and foreign investors
- Developing export targeted industries
- Broadening technology based knowledge and skills
- Ensuring political stability
- Sri Lanka becoming a centre for Naval, Educational, Information Technology
- Multi-purpose projects

Name three facts	(3 Marks)
Explain one of those	<u>(2 Marks)</u>
Total	<u>(5 Marks)</u>

7. Different type of Regional organizations emerge in the world.	
(i) Mention two basic reasons for the emergence of regional organizations.	(02 marks)
(ii) Name three member countries of ASEAN.	(03 marks)
(iii) Mention two objectives of the ASEAN Organization and give a brief description	one of them.
	(05 marks)

(i)

- 1) Strategic relationships of the State
- 2) Strategic relationships of war
- 3) To get protected from pressures of powerful countries
- 4) Development of regional countries
- 5) Economic cooperation

Two of similar facts =2 Marks)

(ii) Indonesia, Singapore, Thailand, Philippines, Malaysia, Vietnam, Brunei, Myanmar, Laose
 (Name three of above countries =3 Marks)

- 1) Implementing a united economic system in cooperation among member nations.
- 2) Developing cooperative researches with inter-cooperation
- 3) Being united for the effectiveness in the fields of agriculture and industry.
- Developing ways to study issues in international commerce while getting the commercial activities among member nations developed.
- 5) Improving the quality of life in member nations and the ways of communication

Name two of al	oove (2 Marks)
Explanation	<u>(3 Marks)</u>
Total	<u>(5 Marks)</u>

0 සහ 11 ශෝණි සං	දහා ගුන්ථ නාමාවලි ය
(අ.පො.ස) සාමානය පෙළ 11 ගේණිය තෙටි සටහන්	Grade 11 - Short Notes
ll ශේණිය – කෙටි සටහන්	English Medium
සිංහල මාධ්ය	Buddhism
10-11 සිංහල වහාකරණ	Mathematics - 1
10-11 සිංහල සාහිතාය රසාස්වාදය	Mathematics - 2
] බුද්ධ ධර්මය 	Biology
කතෝලික ධර්මය	Physics
ු සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය	Chemistry
සිංහල සාහිත <mark>ාාය සංගුහය</mark>	History
English Language	Business & Accounting Studies
ගණිතය - 1	Geography
] ග෯තය - 2	Civic Education
ජීව විදහාව	ICT
භෞතික විදාාව	Health & Physical Education
රසායන විදහාව	10-11 English Literary (Poetry)
ඉතිහාසය	10-11 English Literary (Drama)
වාාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධායනය	10-11 English Literary (Short Story
භූගෝල විදාාව	
පුරවැසි අධාාපනය	Grade 11 - Model Papers
පෙරදිග සංගීතය	English Medium
තර්තනය	Civic Education
නාටා හා රංග කලාව	
චිතු කලාව	
තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාඤාණය	10 ශේුණිය – කෙටි සටහන්
සන්නිවේදනය හා මාධා අධායනය	සිංහල මාධය
සෞඛාය හා ශාරීරික අධාාපනය	සහළ මාජපස කම්ජිය යද්ශ
කෘෂි හා ආහාර තාක්ෂණය	නුදෙය සංවෙය කතෝලික ධර්මය
ගෘහ ආර්ථික විදහාව	සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය
	සංහල සාහිතාය සංගුහය
ශේණිය – පුශ්නෝත්තර	සිංහල රචනා අත්වැල
සිංහල මාධ්	English Language
සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය	විස්දුස්ත් විස්සුයේදුව ගණිතය - 1
	ගණිතය - 2
බුද්ධ ධර්මය	ජීව විදාහාව
ඉතිහාසය	භෞතික විදාහාව
වහාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධායනය -	රසායන විදහාව
පුරවැසි අධාාපනය	

ඉතිහාසය	Grade 10 - Short Notes	
ඉතිහාසය රූප සටහන් අශිුත කෙටි සටහන්	English Medium	
වාහාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධායනය - 1	Buddhism	
වාහාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධායනය - 2	Mathematics - 1	
භූගෝල විදාාව	Mathematics - 2	
 පුරවැසි අධාාපනය	Biology	
 ලපරදිග සංගීතය	Physics	
නර්තනය	Chemistry	
නාටා හා රංග කලාව	History	
චිතු කලාව	Business & Accounting Studies - 1	
 තොරතුරු හා ස <mark>න්නිවේද</mark> න තාඤණය	Business & Accounting Studies - 2	
 සන්නිවේදන <mark>ය හා මාධා අධ</mark> ායනය	Geography	
 ອອາລນຜ <mark>ັຫງ </mark>	Civic Education	
කෘෂි හා ආහාර තාක්ෂණය	ICT	
ගෘහ ආර්ථික විදාහාව	Health & Physical Education	
ජපත් භාෂාව		
	Grade 10 - Model Papers	
10 ශේුණිය – පුශ්නෝත්ත <mark>ර</mark>	English Medium	
සිංහල මාධ්	Mathematics	
සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිතාය	Science	
ඩුද්ධ ධර්මය	Civic Education	
ගණිතය	Geography	
විදහාව	English Activity Book	
ඉතිහාසය	English Work Book	
පුරවැසි අධාාපනය		
භූගෝල විදහාව	අනෙකුත් ගුන්ථ	
පෙරදිග සංගීතය	ෙ හෙළදිව කතිකාවත	
	- අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ	
පාඩමෙන් පාඩමට මාසික ඇගයීම්	හොල්මන් අවතාර සහ යකදුරන්	
සිංහල මාධ්	- අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ	
10-ශෝණිය - විදහාව	📃 ිසිසු-ගුරු අත්පොත නාටා හා රංග	
11-ලේණිය - විදහාව	කලාව 10-11 ශේණි සඳහා (නව විෂය	
	නිර්දේශය) - නන්දන අල්ගේවත්ත	
සියලු ම ශේණි සඳහා කෙටි සටහන්, පුශ්න පතු කට්ටල සහ		
වැඩ පොත් අප සතුව තිබෙන අතර, මෙම ඕනෑම ගුන්ථයක්		
වට්ටම් සහිත ව ඔබේ නිවසට ම ගෙන්වා ගත හැකි ය.		